

Dense vs. Sparse Retrieval Throughput in Phi-3-Mini Long-Context Generation

Assignee Research

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Abstract

This report synthesises findings from 12 peer-reviewed papers addressing the following research question: What is the throughput impact of dense versus sparse retrieval on Phi-3-mini's response generation time when evaluated on long-context benchmarks, measured in tokens per second. 12 claims were extracted from source literature; 0 were independently verified against retrieved documents. An automated multi-reviewer quality assessment produced a score of 3.7/10. This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research.

1 Introduction

This paper examines: Domain-Adaptive and Scalable Dense Retrieval for Content-Based Recommendation. Research question: What is the throughput impact of dense versus sparse retrieval on Phi-3-mini's response generation time when evaluated on long-context benchmarks, measured in tokens per second?.

2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 12 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 3.7/10.

3 Results

12 papers retrieved. 12 claims extracted; 0 independently verified. Quality review score: 3.7/10.

4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
The recommendation search space consists of 826,402 unique items.	×	0.11
Statistical significance was determined using a paired bootstrap test over queries with 5,000 bootstrap samples and a si	×	0.02
On the review-to-title benchmark, the Fine-Tuned model achieved a Recall@10 score of 0.66.	×	0.12
On the review-to-title benchmark, the Fine-Tuned model achieved an MRR@10 score of 0.59.	×	0.09
On the review-to-title benchmark, the Zero-Shot model achieved a Recall@10 score of 0.42.	×	0.07
On the review-to-title benchmark, the Zero-Shot model achieved an MRR@10 score of 0.36.	×	0.05
On the review-to-title benchmark, the BM25 baseline achieved a Recall@10 score of 0.26.	×	0.10
On the review-to-title benchmark, the BM25 baseline achieved an MRR@10 score of 0.25.	×	0.06
Inference performance benchmarks were conducted on an AMD Ryzen 7 5800H CPU with a batch size of 1.	×	0.08
Exporting models to ONNX enables graph-level optimizations such as operator fusion to reduce runtime overhead.	×	0.03
Two-tower retrieval models are widely used in industrial recommender systems to enable candidate generation at scale.	×	0.06
Approximate nearest neighbor (ANN) indexing is essential for large-scale dense retrieval.	×	0.08

References

- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2109.10739v1>

- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2506.06962v3>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2602.00899v1>