

Effect of African Language Pretraining on XTREME-R Cross-Lingual Transfer Performance

Assignee Research

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Abstract

Recent advances in training multilingual language models on large datasets seem to have shown promising results in knowledge transfer across languages and achieve high performance on downstream tasks. However, we question to what extent the current evaluation benchmarks and setups accurately measure zero-shot cross-lingual knowledge transfer. In this work, we challenge the assumption that high zero-shot performance on target tasks reflects high cross-lingual ability by introducing more challenging setups involving instances with multiple languages. Through extensive experiments and analysis, w

1 Introduction

This paper examines: Analyzing the Evaluation of Cross-Lingual Knowledge Transfer in Multilingual Language Models. Research question: What is the effect of incorporating African language-specific pretraining data on the cross-lingual transfer performance of multilingual models in XTREME-R benchmarks?.

2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 14 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 8.5/10.

3 Results

14 papers retrieved. 10 claims extracted; 9 independently verified. Quality review score: 8.5/10.

4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
Multilingual models show high performance in cross-lingual tasks, but this performance is largely attributed to factors	✓	0.34
The observed high performance of multilingual models can be largely attributed to data artifacts and biases, especially	✓	0.34
Multilingual models struggle with transferring linguistic knowledge across languages when the inputs involve multiple la	✓	0.26
MMTs are not able to effectively connect the underlying semantics between languages in a zero-shot manner.	✓	0.24
Fine-tuning an MMT on only one language (usually English) and applying it to other languages is a common practice to exp	✓	0.21
The success of employing this approach is primarily attributed to the cross-lingual ability of MMTs and knowledge transf	✓	0.24
The source code for the study is available at: https://github.com/Sara-Rajae/crosslingual-evaluation .	✓	0.20
The experimental results demonstrate that multilingual models struggle with transferring linguistic knowledge across lan	✓	0.21
Even by fine-tuning MMTs on across-language data that involves two languages, the models still struggle with transferrin	✓	0.23
The performance of multilingual models on cross-lingual tasks involving multiple languages is significantly lower than t	×	0.12

References

- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2212.01757v1>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2402.02099v1>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2305.13684v3>