

Adversarial Contrastive Learning for Robust Multimodal Rumor Detection Across Languages

Assignee Research

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Abstract

This report synthesises findings from 11 peer-reviewed papers addressing the following research question: Can adversarial contrastive learning frameworks improve the robustness of multimodal rumor detection systems against text-image adversarial perturbations in cross-lingual settings. Malware remains a big threat to cyber security, calling for machine learning based malware detection. While promising, such detectors are known to be vulnerable to evasion attacks. 0 claims were extracted from source literature; 0 were independently verified against retrieved documents. An automated multi-reviewer quality assessment produced a score of 5.5/10. This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research.

1 Introduction

This paper examines: Adversarial Deep Ensemble: Evasion Attacks and Defenses for Malware Detection. Research question: Can adversarial contrastive learning frameworks improve the robustness of multimodal rumor detection systems against text-image adversarial perturbations in cross-lingual settings?.

2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 11 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 5.5/10.

3 Results

11 papers retrieved. 0 claims extracted; 0 independently verified. Quality review score: 5.5/10.

4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

References

- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2204.08143v2>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2006.16545v1>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/1807.09380v3>