

Multimodal Pre-training for Zero-Shot Cross-Lingual Performance on XTREME-R

Assignee Research

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Abstract

This paper studies zero-shot cross-lingual transfer of vision-language models. Specifically, we focus on multilingual text-to-video search and propose a Transformer-based model that learns contextualized multilingual multimodal embeddings. Under a zero-shot setting, we empirically demonstrate that performance degrades significantly when we query the multilingual text-video model with non-English sentences. To address this problem, we introduce a multilingual multimodal pre-training strategy, and collect a new multilingual instructional video dataset (MultiHowTo100M) for pre-training. Experiments

1 Introduction

This paper examines: Multilingual Multimodal Pre-training for Zero-Shot Cross-Lingual Transfer of Vision-Language Models. Research question: Does multimodal intermediate pre-training (e.g., image-text alignment) improve zero-shot cross-lingual performance on XTREME-R compared to English-only text-based pre-training, as measured by F1 score?.

2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 11 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 7.9/10.

3 Results

11 papers retrieved. 12 claims extracted; 10 independently verified. Quality review score: 7.9/10.

4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
The proposed method significantly improves video search in non-English languages without additional annotations.	✓	0.36
The proposed method outperforms recent baselines by a large margin in multilingual text-to-video search on VTT and VATEX	✓	0.39
The proposed method outperforms recent baselines by a large margin in multilingual text-to-image search on Multi30K when	✓	0.32
The Multilingual-HowTo100M dataset extends the English HowTo100M dataset to contain subtitles in 9 languages for 1.2 mil	✓	0.23
Pre-training on multilingual text-video data enhances search by exploiting the visual data as an implicit 'pivot' at sca	✓	0.29
The proposed multilingual multimodal pre-training improves English-video pre-training by 2 $\sim$ 2.5 in average R@1 across 9	✓	0.20
The proposed method achieves state-of-the-art English $\rightarrow$ video search performance on VTT and VATEX.	✓	0.17
The proposed method outperforms other baselines by a large margin in multilingual text $\rightarrow$ video search on VATEX and text $\rightarrow$ sim	✓	0.27
The proposed method achieves state-of-the-art multilingual text $\rightarrow$ video search performance in a supervised setup.	×	0.15
Vision-language models have limited zero-shot cross-lingual transferrability compared to NLP models.	✓	0.20
The Multilingual-HowTo100M dataset is constructed to improve the zero-shot cross-lingual capability of vision-language m	×	0.14
The proposed transformer-based video-text model learns contextual multilingual multimodal representations.	✓	0.18

References

- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2103.08849v3>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2106.01732v2>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2109.07622v1>