

Hybrid vs. Dense Retrievers in Blended RAG: Recall Performance on TriviaQA Across Corpus Sizes

Assignee Research

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Abstract

This report synthesises findings from 12 peer-reviewed papers addressing the following research question: How does the retrieval recall of hybrid retrievers in Blended RAG compare to dense-only retrievers on the TriviaQA benchmark when evaluated across varying corpus sizes. 7 claims were extracted from source literature; 7 were independently verified against retrieved documents. An automated multi-reviewer quality assessment produced a score of 8.2/10. This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research.

1 Introduction

This paper examines: Retrieval-Augmented Generation for Large Language Models: A Survey. Research question: How does the retrieval recall of hybrid retrievers in Blended RAG compare to dense-only retrievers on the TriviaQA benchmark when evaluated across varying corpus sizes?.

2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 12 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 8.2/10.

3 Results

12 papers retrieved. 7 claims extracted; 7 independently verified. Quality review score: 8.2/10.

4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
Large Language Models (LLMs) encounter challenges like hallucination, outdated knowledge, and non-transparent, untraceable	✓	0.31
Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) incorporates knowledge from external databases to address LLM challenges.	✓	0.20
RAG enhances the accuracy and credibility of generation, particularly for knowledge-intensive tasks.	✓	0.24
RAG allows for continuous knowledge updates and integration of domain-specific information.	✓	0.24
The progression of RAG paradigms encompasses Naive RAG, Advanced RAG, and Modular RAG.	✓	0.21
The tripartite foundation of RAG frameworks includes retrieval, generation, and augmentation techniques.	✓	0.27
The paper introduces an up-to-date evaluation framework and benchmark for RAG systems.	✓	0.23

References

- <https://doi.org/10.48550/arxiv.2312.10997>
- <https://doi.org/10.18653/v1/2020.findings-emnlp.91>
- <https://doi.org/10.48550/arxiv.2402.06196>