

# Scaling Laws of Large Vision-Language Models on Cross-Domain Benchmarks

Assignee Research

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## Abstract

This report synthesises findings from 16 peer-reviewed papers addressing the following research question: How does the performance of LVLMs scale with increasing model size when evaluated on LVLM-eHub’s cross-domain tasks, and what is the optimal model size for balanced accuracy and efficiency. 10 claims were extracted from source literature; 10 were independently verified against retrieved documents. An automated multi-reviewer quality assessment produced a score of 9.3/10. This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research.

## 1 Introduction

This paper examines: Global, regional, and national age-sex-specific mortality for 282 causes of death in 195 countries and territories, 1980–2017: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. Research question: How does the performance of LVLMs scale with increasing model size when evaluated on LVLM-eHub’s cross-domain tasks, and what is the optimal model size for balanced accuracy and efficiency?.

## 2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 16 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 9.3/10.

## 3 Results

16 papers retrieved. 10 claims extracted; 10 independently verified. Quality review score: 9.3/10.

## 4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

## 5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
GBD 2017 provides a comprehensive assessment of cause-specific mortality for 282 causes in 195 countries and territories	✓	0.41
The causes of death database is composed of vital registration (VR), verbal autopsy (VA), registry, survey, police, and	✓	0.31
GBD 2017 added ten verbal autopsy (VA) studies to the database.	✓	0.17
GBD 2017 added 127 country-years of vital registration (VR) data.	✓	0.22
GBD 2017 added 502 cancer-registry country-years of data.	✓	0.21
GBD 2017 added an additional surveillance country-year of data.	✓	0.21
Expansions of the GBD cause of death hierarchy resulted in 18 additional causes being estimated for GBD 2017.	✓	0.30
GBD 2017 produced subnational estimates for five additional countries: Ethiopia, Iran, New Zealand, Norway, and Russia.	✓	0.25
Deaths assigned ICD codes for non-specific, implausible, or intermediate causes were reassigned to underlying causes using	✓	0.23
The Cause of Death Ensemble model (CODEm) was used to generate cause fractions.	✓	0.20

## References

- [https://doi.org/10.1016/s0140-6736\(18\)32203-7](https://doi.org/10.1016/s0140-6736(18)32203-7)
- <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11831-021-09694-4>
- <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijinfomgt.2019.08.002>