

Negative Sampling Strategies and Robustness in Self-Supervised Recommendation Models

Assignee Research

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Abstract

This report synthesises findings from 11 peer-reviewed papers addressing the following research question: What is the impact of different negative sampling strategies on the robustness of self-supervised recommendation models like LightGCL, SimGCL, and DCL when evaluated on sparse HOI datasets using. In the last few years, the deep learning (DL) computing paradigm has been deemed the Gold Standard in the machine learning (ML) community. Moreover, it has gradually become the most widely used computational approach in the field of ML, thus achieving outstanding results on. 11 claims were extracted from source literature; 9 were independently verified against retrieved documents. An automated multi-reviewer quality assessment produced a score of 7.7/10. This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research.

1 Introduction

This paper examines: Review of deep learning: concepts, CNN architectures, challenges, applications, future directions. Research question: What is the impact of different negative sampling strategies on the robustness of self-supervised recommendation models like LightGCL, SimGCL, and DCL when evaluated on sparse HOI datasets using accuracy and recall metrics?.

2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 11 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 7.7/10.

3 Results

11 papers retrieved. 11 claims extracted; 9 independently verified. Quality review score: 7.7/10.

4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
Deep learning has been deemed the Gold Standard in the machine learning community in the last few years.	✓	0.17
Deep learning has gradually become the most widely used computational approach in the field of machine learning.	✓	0.21
Deep learning has achieved outstanding results on several complex cognitive tasks, matching or even beating human perfor	✓	0.21
One of the benefits of deep learning is the ability to learn massive amounts of data.	✓	0.18
The deep learning field has grown fast in the last few years.	✓	0.18
Deep learning has been extensively used to successfully address a wide range of traditional applications.	✓	0.23
Deep learning has outperformed well-known machine learning techniques in domains such as cybersecurity, natural language	✓	0.30
Existing works reviewing the State-of-the-Art on deep learning only tackle one aspect of deep learning.	×	0.13
The existing focus on single aspects of deep learning in prior reviews leads to an overall lack of knowledge about the f	×	0.12
This paper proposes using a holistic approach to provide a suitable starting point for developing a full understanding o	✓	0.17
This paper outlines the importance of deep learning, presents the types of deep learning techniques and networks, and pr	✓	0.23

References

- <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40537-021-00444-8>
- <https://doi.org/10.1109/tmi.2014.2377694>
- <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40537-016-0043-6>