

# Noise Distribution Effects on Zero-Shot Accuracy in Tabular Foundation Models

Assignee Research

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## Abstract

This report synthesises findings from 14 peer-reviewed papers addressing the following research question: How does varying the noise distribution in synthetic tabular data generators impact the zero-shot accuracy degradation of tabular foundation models on cross-domain benchmarks. 8 claims were extracted from source literature; 8 were independently verified against retrieved documents. An automated multi-reviewer quality assessment produced a score of 7.7/10. This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research.

## 1 Introduction

This paper examines: Accurate predictions on small data with a tabular foundation model. Research question: How does varying the noise distribution in synthetic tabular data generators impact the zero-shot accuracy degradation of tabular foundation models on cross-domain benchmarks?.

## 2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 14 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 7.7/10.

## 3 Results

14 papers retrieved. 8 claims extracted; 8 independently verified. Quality review score: 7.7/10.

## 4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

## 5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
Tabular data are ubiquitous across scientific fields, from biomedicine to particle physics to economics and climate science	✓	0.30
The fundamental prediction task of filling in missing values of a label column based on the rest of the columns is essential	✓	0.40
Gradient-boosted decision trees have dominated tabular data for the past 20 years.	✓	0.28
TabPFN outperforms all previous methods on datasets with up to 10,000 samples by a wide margin, using substantially less	✓	0.31
In 2.8 s, TabPFN outperforms an ensemble of the strongest baselines tuned for 4 h in a classification setting.	✓	0.24
TabPFN is a generative transformer-based foundation model that allows fine-tuning, data generation, density estimation and	✓	0.35
TabPFN is a learning algorithm that is itself learned across millions of synthetic datasets.	✓	0.23
TabPFN has the potential to accelerate scientific discovery and enhance important decision-making in various domains.	✓	0.28

## References

- <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-024-08328-6>
- <https://doi.org/10.48550/arxiv.2312.10997>
- <https://doi.org/10.3390/fi15080260>