

Training-Free k-NN Classification vs. Fine-Tuned Baselines on NVGesture with Pre-Trained Video Encoders

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June 6, 2026

Abstract

This report synthesises findings from 13 peer-reviewed papers addressing the following research question: How does the top-1 accuracy of training-free k-NN classification using synthetic video features compare to fine-tuned baselines on the NVGesture dataset when evaluated across different large. 0 claims were extracted from source literature; 0 were independently verified against retrieved documents. An automated multi-reviewer quality assessment produced a score of 3.5/10. This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research.

1 Introduction

This paper examines: An Evaluation of Large Pre-Trained Models for Gesture Recognition using Synthetic Videos. Research question: How does the top-1 accuracy of training-free k-NN classification using synthetic video features compare to fine-tuned baselines on the NVGesture dataset when evaluated across different large pre-trained video encoder architectures?.

2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 13 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 3.5/10.

3 Results

13 papers retrieved. 0 claims extracted; 0 independently verified. Quality review score: 3.5/10.

4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

References

- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2410.02152v1>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/1911.07940v1>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2305.09758v3>