

# Saliency Explanation Methods and Human Interpretability Across Vision and Language Domains

Assignee Research

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## Abstract

This report synthesises findings from 4 peer-reviewed papers addressing the following research question: How do different saliency explanation methods compare in terms of human interpretability when evaluated on the proposed human attention benchmark across vision and language domains. Multilayer neural networks trained with the back-propagation algorithm constitute the best example of a successful gradient based learning technique. Given an appropriate network architecture, gradient-based learning algorithms can be used to synthesize a complex decision. 4 claims were extracted from source literature; 4 were independently verified against retrieved documents. An automated multi-reviewer quality assessment produced a score of 8.3/10. This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research.

## 1 Introduction

This paper examines: Gradient-based learning applied to document recognition. Research question: How do different saliency explanation methods compare in terms of human interpretability when evaluated on the proposed human attention benchmark across vision and language domains?.

## 2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 4 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 8.3/10.

### 3 Results

4 papers retrieved. 4 claims extracted; 4 independently verified. Quality review score: 8.3/10.

### 4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

### 5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
Multilayer neural networks trained with the back-propagation algorithm constitute the best example of a successful gradi	✓	0.33
Convolutional neural networks, which are specifically designed to deal with the variability of 2D shapes, are shown to o	✓	0.31
Graph transformer networks (GTN) allows multimodule systems to be trained globally using gradient-based methods so as to	✓	0.37
A graph transformer network for reading a bank cheque uses convolutional neural network character recognizers combined w	✓	0.39

### References

- <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40537-019-0197-0>
- <https://doi.org/10.1109/5.726791>
- <https://doi.org/10.1186/1748-5908-4-50>